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Anti-Mouse α-PEDF Antibody

(Rabbit; Polyclonal)

Catalog Number: AB-mPEDF1

Lot Number: 201257 **Quantity:** 100ug

α-PEDF Antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised Source:

against purified mouse PEDF protein.

Reconstitute lyophilized α-PEDF Antibody in 200 μL Reconstitution:

diH₂O.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL after reconstitution.

Purity & Sterility: α-PEDF Antibody has been shown to be >90% pure by

> SDS-PAGE. α-PEDF Antibody is provided as a non-sterile sample. The product may be rendered sterile by 0.22 µm

filtration after reconstitution.

Note: This product is for research use only. Not for

use in clinical or diagnostic procedures.

Specificity: α-PEDF Antibody reacts specifically with PEDF by

Western Blotting. Recommended dilution range for

Western analysis:

1:500 – 1:5,000. Recommended starting dilution: 1:2,000.

Storage & Handling: α-PEDF Antibody is shipped at ambient temperature.

This product is stable for at least 1 year following receipt.

Store at 4°C. **Do Not Freeze!**

Pigment epithelium-derived factor (PEDF) is a protein that Background:

> acts in neuronal differentiation and survival in cells derived from the retina and CNS. PEDF inhibits angiogenesis and

its expression is down-regulated over the replicative

lifespan of mammals. This interesting factor is secreted by retinal pigment epithelial cells into the interphotoreceptor

matrix, where it acts on photoreceptor cells. PEDF

receptors have been localized to photoreceptors, those cells that are protected from light-induced damage and apoptosis. PEDF promotes neuronal survival through activation of NFκB, which in turn induces expression of anti-apoptotic and/or neurotrophic factor genes. Its

importance in the development, maintenance, and function

of the retina and CNS is evident in animal models for

inherited and light induced retinal degeneration, as well as

for degeneration of spinal cord motor neurons, and animal models for diseases triggered by choroidal and retinal neovascularization. PEDF is a member of the serpin superfamily of protease inhibitors, but it has characteristics of a substrate rather than an inhibitor of serine proteases. An N-terminus peptide region provides the neurotrophic function to the PEDF protein while other structural characteristics are dispensable (e.g. signal peptide, oligosaccharides on the polypeptide backbone, serpin exposed loop).

References:

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- 4) Jablonski, MM, Tombran-Tink, J, Mrazed, DA, and Iannaccone, A. (2000) Pigment epithelium-derived factor supports normal development of photoreceptor neurons and opsin expression after retinal pigment epithelium removal. J. Neurosci, 20, 7149-7157.
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- 6) Subramanian P, Deshpande M, Locatelli-Hoops S, Moghaddam-Taaaheri S, Gutierrez D, Fitzgerald DP, Guerrier S, Rapp M, Notario V, Becerra SP (2012) Identification of pigment epithelium derived factor protein forms with distinct activities on tumor cell lines. J Biomed Biotechnol. 2012: 425907
- 7) Zhang W, Feng H, Gao Y, Sun L, Wang J, Li Y, Wang C, Zhao L, Hu X, Sun H, Wei Y, Sun D (2012) Role of Pigment Epithelium-Derived Factor in Arsenic-Induced Cell Apoptosis of Liver and Brain in a Rat Model. Biol Trace Elem. Res. PMID 23229538

